

My Hats of Perspective



Converging Issues

- Can't separate food safety from crop pest and disease or production issues
- All are intertwined
- Water quality not just chemical quality anymore but also microbial quality
- Must have key partners on all crop issues
- Co Management issues on environment and labor



Today's World Focus is on Food

Food Safety Food Availability & Prices Food Security Food Traceability



PRINCIPLES FOR FOOD SAFETY

- Prevention most important followed by Intervention and Response
- Proactive versus Reactive
 - Control of Destiny

Message/Behavioral changes critical Credibility and Trust Uncontrollable Events

Politics/catastrophe/ resource crisis

Based in Science/Measurable/Common Sense/Cost efficient

Program of Today

- Look at the partners/participants
- INDUSTRY HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE
- FEDERAL ACTIONS
- EFFORTS TO HARMONIZE IMPACTS/BRING TO CONSENSUS
- INDUSTRY INITIATIVE
- INTERNATIONAL STD SETTING
- PANEL TO DISCUSS OPTIONS

GAPs and Harmonization

- BOTTOM LINE: Consensus building and cooperation essential across all sectors
- No one needs to meet 10 different programs of requirements
- GOAL: Productive/Profitable/Sustainable/ Safe
- **PAST & PRESENT**:

Trials/Tribulation/Pests/Disease/UnknownsCONVERGENCE OF ISSUES

GLOBALIZATION/INTERNATIOAL

Industry Initiative

- The FDA Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA) amends the FFDCA to identify standards for produce
- safety under Section 419. The FSMA identifies six issues which will be addressed by standards which consider
- "hazards that occur naturally, may be unintentionally introduced, or may be intentionally introduced, including
- by acts of terrorism."
- The issues are:
- 1. soil amendments,
- 2. hygiene,
- 3. packaging,
- 4. temperature controls,

- 5. animals in the growing area, and
- 6. water.

Harmonization of GAPs

- Evaluate effectiveness of current metrics
- Cost of GAPs compared to reduced risks
- Critical need for validation of currently proposed metrics
 - Science Based
 - Easily monitored
 - Economically feasible
 - Regionally based/ geographically specific
 - Seasonality considerations

A Step Away



- May-June, 2011 European outbreak Sprouts Sickened 4000, 50 killed, cucumber & produce markets destroyed – Rare E. coli 0104: H4
- 2008 Salmonella saintpaul outbreak Mexican jalapenos – Tomatoes accused – losses >\$200 million
- Produce recall every 5.8 day on average 87 recalls in 2011 as if August (Prince, 2011)
- Most in 2011 cantaloupe, lettuce, sprouts, fresh-cut apple slices



Balancing Act on GAPs

- Generic/ Umbrella Requirements vs Specific Commodity Requirements
- Harmonized vs Unique
- Consistent vs Inconsistent
- Responsible Initiative vs Reluctance to Act

The Past Led to.....

- Outbreaks of the 90s
- Concern by regulators led to –
- 1998 Guide to Minimize Microbial Food Safety Hazards for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables
 - Water
 - Manure
 - Worker Health & Hygiene & Sanitary Facilities
 - Field Sanitation & Packinghouse Sanitation
 - Traceback
 - Transportation

Good Agricultural Practices For Growing and Packing Fresh Produce

FDA

sell Begins on



Guide to Minimize Microbial Food Safety Hazards for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

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Food Safety Begins on the Farm

A Grower's Guide

Good Agricultural Practices for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

Written and compiled by: Anisaya Rangarajan, Elizabeth A., Bihn, Robert B., Gravani, Donna L., Scott, and Marvin P. Prita

1998



INDUSTRY COMMODITY SPECIFIC GUIDANCE **COOPERATIVELY DEVELOPED MANY** PARTIES

- Melon Oct '05
- Lettuce April '06
- Tomato June '06 & 2nd Ed '09
- Green Onions Feb '10

*And many others

Commodity Specific Food Safety Guidelines for the Melon Supply Chain







Foodborne Illness Statistics

- Recently revised by CDC
- I out of 6 people in US 48 million suffer from foodborne illness each year
- 128,000 hospitalized with approximately 3,000 deaths
- Mead 1999 (76 Million/325,000 H/5,000 deaths) 1 in 100 reported
- 60% of estimated foodborne illnesses due to norovirus
- ▶ 38 of 48 million due to unspecified causes
- 12% of outbreak assoc illnesses from produce

NOW WE CAN CONNECT THE DOTS MUCH EASIER!



"CONNECT THE DOTS"

Past Cont'd

- New guide to industry quickly became de facto regulation as customers demanded proof of compliance
- Evolution of 3rd party audits
- Continuing outbreaks
- 2004 FDA letters to California Leafy Greens industry and to Florida Tomato industry demanding closer adherence to food safety

Concurrent Developments

- Industry
- State Regulatory Agencies



- Federal Regulatory Agencies
- Associations
 - United -2nd Ed Commodity Specific & Audit Harmonization Efforts
 - AFDO –Model Code for Produce Safety
 - PMA –Establish Center for Produce
 Safety

The Times They are a changing !

Changing leaders
Changing players
Changing trends –
Changing politics
Changing crises!





FDA Food Protection Plan

Published 2007 Basic Tenets

PREVENTION INTERVENTION RESPONSE

15 federal agencies involved in food safety



Chronology: Tomato Related Events

2003-5 Attempts to change Federal Marketing Order through USDA – Quality regulated in CFR, Title 7, Part 966

- 2004-7 Formulated Tomato Good Agricultural Practices (T-GAPs) for growers and greenhouses and Tomato Best Management Practices (T-BMPs) for packinghouses and post-harvest
- 2006-7 Voluntarily adopted by industry

2006 North American Trade Work Group developed Commodity Specific Food Safety Guidelines for the Fresh Tomato Supply Chain

2006 Agreement with the state regulatory agency to adopt T-GAPs and T-BMPs as formal regulation to allow government surveillance of the industry



Additional Chronology

- 2007 Statute passed by FL Legislature for FDACS authority to establish mandatory government regulation of food safety of tomatoes
- 2007 FDA Hearing on Produce Safety
- 2007 Establishment of Center for Produce Safety at UC Davis funded by Produce Marketing Assoc & Taylor Fds
- 2009 Additional changes to Florida statute to mandate annual education and registration of locations



GOALS of All Produce GAPs

- 1) To enhance safety of produce to the consuming public
- 2) To prevent or minimize contamination of produce
- 3) To provide necessary education and training on food safety practices to workers at all levels
- 4) To meet the objectives of the FDA Produce Safety Action Plan to the degree possible
- AGAIN TO PROVIDE: Productive/Profitable/Sustainable and Safety
 Productive/Profitable/Sustainable

12 BASIC Principles for Good Ag Practices 12 STEP PLAN

- 1. Document your practices
- Write down a food safety plan designate someone responsible for food safety
- Monitor conditions of your land check adjoining land for possible sources of contamination
- 4. Minimize or prevent any contamination from animals, run-off

12 Key Principles for Good Ag Practices

- 5. Document water source for irrigation
- 6. Monitor microbial levels in water wells & municipal source at least annually
- 7. Train and educate all workers in good personal hygiene and sanitation practices and enforce compliance
- Provide required field sanitation facilities including soap, paper towels, proper disposal – ensure handwashing

12 Key Principles for Good Ag Practices

- 9. Follow fertilizer and pesticide regulations including not diluting any agrichemical with water other than potable water
- Ensure proper hygiene of harvest crews and proper sanitation and cleanliness of containers and equipment.
- 11. Keep complete records of all that you do and keep written procedures
- 12. Have crisis/emergency/recall plans in place

KEY ACTIONS

KUII

- Consensus Building across all lines in industry, regulatory
- Audit Harmonization one company shouldn't have to meet 12 different audits
- No one has right to their "stamp"
- Develop Interpretations opinion should not change from auditor to auditor
- Gain cooperation and buy-in by everyone in the chain from farm to packer to market
- Consensus building is slow, tedious, sometimes contentious but rewarding in long



Produce GAP Harmonization Initiative Technical Working Group

Over 100 different people from producers, packers, retail, food service, & others involved

in consensus review of existing food safety audits Monthly meetings around the country

Provide consensus document to Steering Committee in September



Step 2. Select an Audits Benchmarking Matrix		
Pre-Farm Gate	Post-Farm Gate	Standard Owners



















Site Specific Information for each Audit Body



Search AMS

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Commodity Areas

and Verfication

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Grading, Certification and Verification

Fresh Produce Audit Verification Program

With the increasing focus on good agricultural practices to verify that farms are producing fruits and vegetables in the safest manner possible, third party audits are being utilized by the retail and food service industry to verify their suppliers are in conformance to specific agricultural best practices. Since 1999, the Agricultural Marketing Service has been actively involved with the produce industry offering auditing services throughout the food chain to verify that best practices are being followed.

AMS, in partnership with state departments of agriculture, offers a voluntary, audit based program that verifies adherence to the recommendations made in the Food and Drug Administration's Guide to Minimize Microbial Food Safety Hazards for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

The Good Agricultural Practices and Good Handling Practices Audit Verification Program is broken down into three major sections: Good Agricultural Practices which examines farm practices; Good Handling Practices which concentrates on packing facilities, storage facilities and wholesale distribution centers; and Food Defense protocols utilized throughout the food chain. In addition to this program, AMS provides oversight for the Leafy Green Marketing Agreements in effect in California and Arizona, along with the California Tomato Growers Cooperative, each with specific best practices criteria that their members can be audited against. The USDA AMS Fresh Products Branch in collaboration with the

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I Want To

 Address List of Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Inspection Offices

Resources

- ^o USDA Audit Checklist (PDF)
- ^o USDA Audit Score Sheet (PDF)

^o USDA Audit Checklist & Score Sheet (Excel)

See Also

^o Mushroom Production Audit Scoresheet (PDF)

Commodity Specific Checklist for Mushroom Production (PDF)

Harmonized Audit Categories

- Compliance Plan
- Field Production
- Harvesting
- Cooling
- Packinghouse
- TransportationProduce Storage

*Consistent Auditor Interpretation Critical FDA Regulatory Concerns on Major Contamination Sources on the Farm

- Four Sources of Particular
 Concern
 - Soil
 - Water



- Domestic and Wild Animals
- Farm Workers

Guzewich, FDA

The Gate through which Federal agencies gain entry to farms

is Food Safety



1791652 www.fotosearch.com



Food Supply is Global Requirements are Global

Development of international standards Global GAPs/ GFSI Codex Alimentarius revisions However includes considerations over and above food safety that you have not dealt with before All should be harmonized to allow for free commerce and capitalism

Semantics Matter/ Science Matters

- In the past "Show me the money !" Jerry Maguire
- Now, "Show me the data"
- Grower organizations demanding science be behind the requirements
- If you don't have the data,
- Get it



IOM, NAS Report

Enhancing Food Safety: The Role of the Food and Drug Administration June 8, 2010

"The FDA should work towards a system where the frequency and intensity of inspection of each facility are based on risk"

Co-Management

- Adaptive co-management is an emerging approach for governance of social-ecological systems
- Meshing food safety and environmental considerations as well as labor issues are woven in
- Protecting food safety and biodiversity
- Sometimes conflicting/difficult decisions
- Ensures other agency requirements are met
 - Protection of migratory fowl- example

Future

- Food Safety Modernization Act at least 12 18 new regulations
- Some may have effect on crop advisor roles
- Produce Safety Pilot Program required in next year
- Increased environmental sampling
- Increased research to hopefully measure risk
- New regulation on Produce Safety from FDA
- Positive actions to enhance food safety

Food Safety Modernization Act

- Most expansive changes since 1938 Act
- Sweeping new enforcement authorities
- Focus on prevention
- Worked on for last 3 years
- Supported by major produce industries
- New import requirements
- Increased inspection
- Passed, signed yet to be funded

Remaining Issues

- Contribution of Water and Environmental Contamination
- We can work through them together by assuring we have accurate data reflecting geographic and seasonal differences and real world scientific data

<image>

FEW REMAINING

NEEDED DATA

WATER

WATER

- Have no real agricultural standards
- Rely on federal standards for recreational waters and microbial standards for drinking water in absence
- Water in packinghouses should meet stds for drinking water
- Know contaminated water can contaminate produce
- For more risky categories require dilution of ag chemicals or foliar sprays to meet drinking water standards
- Know microbes can grow in spray rigs

Water

- Salmonella newport found in many spray rigs/irrigation pumps
- Can often reduce levels down to acceptable with just sand filters or with 1-3 ppm chlorine
- New research reported by CPS shows monovalent iron shavings/scrap metal can reduce cheaply
- Continue efforts for research and press for needed data
- Don't get upset about the unknown



Growers think Salmonella

Every time you see an anole, tree frog or lizard in a packing house or conveyer belt Salmonella javiana– Salmonella anatum – reptilian/amphibian sources 74,000 estimated cases Salmonella from eptiles and amphibians each year >90% of reptiles are infected with Salmonella

TheTimes are Changing

Work to have as much influence as possible on the changes affecting the citrus industry Stay proactive – work for consensus – Get the data needed

Thanks for your cooperation



amount of municipal waste, for example, the