# Exploring the use of brassinosteroids to advance maturation in citrus fruit

**Fernando Alferez** 

alferez@ufl.edu

2022 Packinghouse Day





Environment, cultural factors, varietal background, manipulation, and quality

• Temperature

INTERACTION

- Relative Humidity
- Irrigation/nutrition
- Soil characteristics
- Rootstock and scion selection
- Endogenous factors (hormones)
- Fruit maturity at harvest
- Postharvest manipulation

FRUIT QUALITY

## HORMONAL INTERPLAY DURING CITRUS FRUIT MATURATION



## Brassinolides

- Brassinolides (BRs) are a class of growth-promoting steroidal phytohormones.
- BRs control almost all aspects of plant growth and development, and also play significant role in plant adaptation to biotic and abiotic stresses.
- BR analogs (Epi and Homobrassinolide, HBr) are easy to produce and commercially available. Both are now available in the USA.



## Effects on other crops



5

## Mature trees



#### On-tree treatments





ORIGINAL RESEARCH published: 11 February 2021 doi: 10.3389/fpls.2021.629733



### Postharvest Application of 24-Epibrassinolide Reduces Chilling Injury Symptoms and Enhances Bioactive Compounds Content and Antioxidant Activity of Blood Orange Fruit

Fariborz Habibi<sup>1,2</sup>, María Serrano<sup>3</sup>, Lorenzo Zacarías<sup>4</sup>, Daniel Valero<sup>2\*</sup> and Fabián Guillén<sup>2</sup>

# Internal quality was improved in Valencia fruit after just one HBr application @ 186mL/100 gallons of water



We believe that this decrease in sugars in the control is due to new flower/fruit set induction triggering competence for photoassimilates. HBr maintains levels of sugars.

One single application increased the ratio to commercial levels by February. We need to try earlier apps because once the fruit starts natural maturation (late Feb/ early March) the effect is lost





published: 11 February 2021 doi: 10.3389/fpls.2021.629733

trontiers

in Plant Science

**Postharvest Application of** 24-Epibrassinolide Reduces Chilling **Injury Symptoms and Enhances Bioactive Compounds Content and** Antioxidant Activity of Blood Orange Fruit

ORIGINAL RESEARCH

Check for updates

Fariborz Habibi<sup>1,2</sup>, María Serrano<sup>3</sup>, Lorenzo Zacarías<sup>4</sup>, Daniel Valero<sup>2\*</sup> and Fabián Guillén<sup>2</sup>

## Internal maturation in 'Valencia' oranges was advanced by Brs (applied every other week)



## Ongoing research, CRDF Project 22-003

- Determining the right time for:
  - Hamlin. Starting by mid-September, apply every other week at 6.2 fl oz/100 gallons of water. Check fruit quality 2 weeks later. This will be done until the end of the season.
  - Valencia. Same approach, starting in December.
- Analysis of internal and external quality. Also, yield assessment at harvest.
- Continue studies on Tango mandarins to determine the right time of application in open field and in CUPS. Starting applications in September.

- Brs may potentially advance fruit maturation in citrus
- We have identified a concentration of 6.2 fl oz/ 100 gallons of water as one that gives the most consistent results
- We still need to define the best timing of application for each variety and the number of applications
- Work is ongoing on Hamlin and Valencia oranges and Tango mandarins
- Postharvest applications may have potential, but this needs to be researched in earnest